

External Audit Plan update

Year ending 31 March 2020

Leicestershire County Council and Leicestershire County Council Pension Fund

29 April 2020



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Introduction & headlines

Purpose

This document provides an update to the planned scope and timing of the statutory audit of Leicestershire County Council ('the Authority') and Leicestershire County Council Pension Fund ('the Fund') as reported in our Audit Plan dated 31 January 2020, for those charged with governance.

The current environment

In addition to the audit risks communicated to those charged with governance in our Audit Plan on 31 January 2020, recent events have led us to update our planning risk assessment and reconsider our audit and value for money (VfM) approach to reflect the unprecedented global response to the Covid-19 pandemic. The significance of the situation cannot be underestimated and the implications for individuals, organisations and communities remains highly uncertain. For our public sector audited bodies, we appreciate the significant responsibility and burden your staff have to ensure vital public services are provided. As far we can, our aim is to work with you in these unprecedented times, ensuring up to date communication and flexibility where possible in our audit procedures.

The Fund will also be specifically facing a number of tough challenges around, funding, investment, governance and communications to members. As far we can, our aim is to work with you in these unprecedented times, ensuring up to date communication and flexibility where possible in our audit procedures.

Impact on our audit and VfM work

Management and those charged with governance are still required to prepare financial statements in accordance with the relevant accounting standards and the Code of Audit Practice, albeit to an extended deadline for the preparation of the financial statements up to 31 August 2020 and the date for audited financials statements to 30 November 2020, however we will liaise with management to agree appropriate timescales. We continue to be responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the Authority's financial statements and VfM arrangements.

In order to fulfil our responsibilities under International Auditing Standards (ISA's (UK)) we have revisited our planning risk assessment. We may also need to consider implementing changes to the procedures we had planned and reported in our Audit Plan to reflect current restrictions to working practices, such as the application of technology to allow remote working. Additionally, it has been confirmed since our Audit Plan was issued that the implementation of IFRS 16 has been delayed for the public sector until 2020/21.

Changes to our audit approach

To date we have:

- Identified a new significant financial statement risk, as described overleaf for both the Authority and Fund
- Reviewed the materiality levels we determined for the audit and we did not identify any changes to our materiality assessment as a result of the risk identified due to Covid-19.

Changes to our VfM approach (Authority)

We have updated our VfM risk assessment to document our understanding of your arrangements to ensure critical business continuity in the current environment. We have now assessed that the

• financial sustainability of the Council as a significant risk, given the impact of Covid 19 and will look to see what arrangements the council has in place to manage this impact on its finances.

Conclusion

We will ensure any further changes in our audit and VfM approach and procedures are communicated with management and reported in our Audit Findings Report. We wish to thank management for their timely collaboration in this difficult time.

Significant risks identified – Covid – 19 pandemic

Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK) as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

Reason for risk identification Key aspects of our proposed response to the risk Risk **Covid –** 19 The global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus pandemic has led to unprecedented uncertainty for all **Financial Statements** organisations, requiring urgent business continuity arrangements to be implemented. We expect current (Financial We will: circumstances will have an impact on the production and audit of the financial statements for the year **Statements** Work with management to understand the implications the response to the Covid-19 ended 31 March 2020, including and not limited to; and Value for pandemic has on the organisation's ability to prepare the financial statements and Money -- Remote working arrangements and redeployment of staff to critical front line duties may impact on update financial forecasts and assess the implications on our audit approach **Authority**) the quality and timing of the production of the financial statements, and the evidence we can obtain Liaise with other audit suppliers, regulators and government departments to co-ordinate through physical observation practical cross sector responses to issues as and when they arise Volatility of financial and property markets will increase the uncertainty of assumptions applied by Evaluate the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements in light of the management to asset valuation and receivable recovery estimates, and the reliability of evidence we Covid-19 pandemic. can obtain to corroborate management estimates Evaluate whether sufficient audit evidence using alternative approaches can be obtained Financial uncertainty will require management to reconsider financial forecasts supporting their going for the purposes of our audit whilst working remotely concern assessment and whether material uncertainties for a period of at least 12 months from the anticipated date of approval of the audited financial statements have arisen; and Evaluate whether sufficient audit evidence can be obtained to corroborate significant management estimates such as asset valuations and recovery of receivable balances Disclosures within the financial statements will require significant revision to reflect the unprecedented situation and its impact on the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 March Evaluate management's assumptions that underpin the revised financial forecasts and 2020 in accordance with IAS1, particularly in relation to material uncertainties. the impact on management's going concern assessment We therefore identified the global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus as a significant risk, which was one of Discuss with management any potential implications for our audit report if we have been the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement. unable to obtain sufficient audit evidence Value for Money We will: Review the Councils updated Medium Term Financial Plan and assess the impact on the Councils financial resilience and arrangements it has to manage its finances as a result

of the pandemic.

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| Risk | Reason for risk identification | Ke | ey aspects of our proposed response to the risk |
|---|--|-----|--|
| Covid – 19 (Financial Statements and Value for Money- Fund) | The global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus pandemic has led to unprecedented uncertainty for all organisations, requiring urgent business continuity arrangements to be implemented. We expect current circumstances will have an impact on the production and audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, including and not limited to; | • | We will: Work with management to understand the implications the response to the Covid-19 pandemic has on the organisation's ability to prepare the financial statements and update financial forecasts and assess the implications on our audit approach |
| | • Remote working arrangements and redeployment of staff to critical front line duties may impact on the quality and timing of the production of the financial statements, and the evidence we can obtain through physical observation | • | Liaise with other audit suppliers, regulators and government departments to co-ordinate practical cross sector responses to issues as and when they arise |
| | Volatility of financial and property markets will increase the uncertainty of assumptions applied by management to asset valuation, and the reliability of evidence we can obtain to corroborate management estimates | • | Evaluate the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements in light of the Covid-19 pandemic. Including management's assessment of the impact of Covid 19 upon employer covenants and forecast cashflows. |
| | For instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss there may be a need to review the Level 1-3 classification of the instruments if trading may have reduced to such an extent that, quoted prices are not readily and regularly available and therefore do not represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions. | • | Evaluate whether sufficient audit evidence using alternative approaches can be obtained for the purposes of our audit whilst working remotely |
| | | • | Evaluate whether sufficient audit evidence can be obtained to corroborate management's fair value hierarchy disclosure |
| | Whilst the nature of the Fund and its funding position (i.e. not in a winding up position or no cessation event) means the going concern basis of preparation remains appropriate management may need to consider whether material uncertainties for a period of at least 12 months from the anticipated date of approval of the audited financial statements have arisen; and | • | Evaluate whether sufficient audit evidence can be obtained to corroborate significant management estimates such as Level 3 asset valuations, including direct property |
| | | f • | Discuss with management any potential implications for our audit report if we have been unable to obtain sufficient audit evidence |
| | Disclosures within the financial statements will require significant revision to reflect the unprecedented situation and its impact on the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 March 2020 in accordance with IAS1, particularly in relation to material uncertainties. | | |
| | We therefore identified the global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement. | | |